BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2024

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FINANCIAL SECTION



Board of Directors Independence Academy Grand Junction, Colorado

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Report on the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Independence Academy (the "School"), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Independence Academy as of June 30, 2024, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the School, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the School's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

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Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, we:

• exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.

• identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.

• obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the School's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

• evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.

• conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the School's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, the budgetary comparison information, the schedules of the School's proportionate share, and the schedules of the School's contributions on pages 46-51 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the School's basic financial statements. The individual fund schedule listed in the table of contents is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the individual fund schedule is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

PB Solutions LLC

Littleton, Colorado September 30, 2024

Management's Discussion and Analysis Independence Academy Charter School June 30, 2024

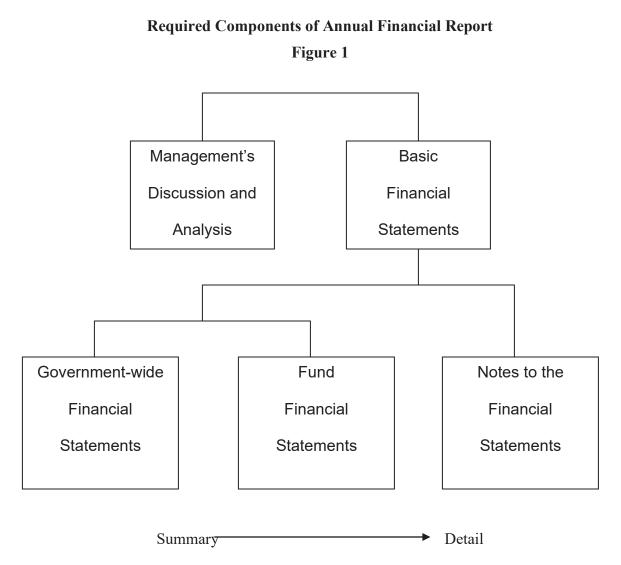
As management of Independence Academy Charter School (IACS or Academy), we offer readers of Independence Academy Charter School's financial statements, this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of IACS for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024. We encourage readers to read the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished in the school's financial statements, which follow this narrative.

Financial Highlights

- For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024, total assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$1,317,963 (net position).
- Total net position decreased by \$335,901 from the previous fiscal year. This is primarily due to the Academy including net pension and net OPEB liabilities and related deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources as required by Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement Numbers 68 and 75. Further information about GASB 68 and 75 is provided in notes 6 and 7 in the notes to the financial statements.
- As of the close of the current fiscal year IACS' governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$6,731,093 an increase of \$322,393.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to IACS's basic financial statements. The Academy's basic financial statements consist of three components; 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. The basic financial statements present two different views of the Academy through the use of government-wide statements and fund financial statements. In addition to the basic financial statements, this report contains other supplemental information that will enhance the reader's understanding of the financial condition of IACS.



Basic Financial Statements

The first two statements (Pages 1 and 2) in the basic financial statements are the government-wide financial statements. They provide both short and long-term information about the Academy's financial status.

The next statements (Pages 3 through 5) are fund financial statements.

The next section of the basic financial statements is the notes. The notes to the financial statements explain in detail some of the data contained in those statements. After the notes, supplemental information is provided to show details about the budgetary information for the academy.

Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide the reader with a broad overview of the Academy's finances, similar in format to a financial statement of a private sector business. The government-wide statements provide short and long-term information about the Academy's financial status as a whole.

The two government-wide statements report the Academy's net position and how they have changed. Net Position is the difference between the Academy's total assets, deferred outflows, total liabilities and deferred inflows. Measuring net position is one way to gauge the Academy's financial condition.

The government-wide financial statements are on pages 1 and 2 of this report.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide a more detailed look at the Academy's most significant activities on a fund accounting basis. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. IACS uses fund accounting to ensure and reflect compliance (or non-compliance) with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds – Governmental funds are used to account for those functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. The Academy's basic services are accounted for in a governmental fund. These funds focus on how assets can readily be converted into cash flow, and what monies are left at year-end that will be available for spending in the next year. Governmental funds are reported using an accounting method called *modified accrual basis of accounting* that provides a short-term spending focus. As a result, the governmental fund financial statements give the reader a detailed short-term view that helps him or her determine if there are more or less financial resources available to finance the Academy's programs. The relationship between governmental funds is described in a reconciliation that is a part of the fund financial statements. These reconciliations can be found on pages 3 and 6 of the report.

The Academy reports three major governmental funds, the general fund, the student activities fund, and the building corporation.

IACS adopts an annual budget on a fund basis. The budgetary comparison statements are not included in the basic financial statements but are part of the supplemental statements and

schedules that follow the notes. The budget is a legally adopted document that incorporates input from the faculty, management, and the Board of Directors of the Academy in determining what activities will be pursued and what services will be provided by the Academy during the year. It also authorizes the Academy to obtain funds from identified sources to finance these current period activities. The budgetary statement provided demonstrates how well the Academy has complied with the budget ordinance and whether or not the Academy has succeeded in providing the services as planned when the budget was adopted.

Notes to the Financial Statements – The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements begin on page 7 of this report.

Government-Wide Financial Analysis

• As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as one useful indicator of the Academy's financial condition. The Academy's decrease in net position for fiscal year end June 30, 2024 is \$335,901.

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES

Assets5,832,1575,019,468Cash and Investments1,311,0591,287,195Accounts Receivable43,486210,592Due from Agency Fund-29,875Prepaid Expenses72,951-Capital Assets, Not Depreciated662,120650,620Capital Assets, Net of Accum Depreciation9,863,02810,263,636Total Assets17,784,80117,461,386Deferred Outflows of Resources1,675,2041,215,914Related to Pensions1,675,2041,215,914Related to OPEB50,63253,059Total Outflow of Resources1,725,8361,268,973Liabilities289,670231,367Accrued Salaries and Benefits289,670231,367Accrued Interest Payable122,256331,182Noncurrent Liability - Due in One Year335,000325,000Noncurrent Liability - Net Pension Liability140,962161,780Total Liabilities137,600246,753Related to Pensions137,600246,753Related to Pensions137,600246,753Related to Pensions137,600246,753Related to Pensions137,600246,753Related to OPEB46,60356,979Total Inflow of Resources1457,730508,200Restricted for Emergencies/Debt Service165,000165,000Restricted for Debt Service165,000165,000Restricted for Debt Service165,000165,000Restricted for Debt Service165		June 30, 2024	June 30, 2023
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LiabilitiesAccounts Payable and Other Current140,878113,248Unearned Revenue98,01227,298Accrued Salaries and Benefits289,670231,367Accrued Interest Payable122,56331,182Noncurrent Liability - Due in One Year335,000325,000Noncurrent Liability - Nore than One Year11,043,47711,368,251Noncurrent Liability - Net Pension Liability5,837,9094,748,120Noncurrent Liability - Net OPEB Liability140,962161,780Total Liabilities18,008,47117,006,246Deferred Inflows of Resources46,60356,979Related to OPEB46,60356,979Total Inflow of Resources184,203303,732Net Position165,000165,000Restricted for Emergencies/Debt Service165,000165,000Restricted for Debt Service-1,287,195Unrestricted695,233(540,014)	Related to OPEB	50,632	53,059
Accounts Payable and Other Current $140,878$ $113,248$ Unearned Revenue $98,012$ $27,298$ Accrued Salaries and Benefits $289,670$ $231,367$ Accrued Interest Payable $122,563$ $31,182$ Noncurrent Liability - Due in One Year $335,000$ $325,000$ Noncurrent Liability - More than One Year $11,043,477$ $11,368,251$ Noncurrent Liability - Net Pension Liability $5,837,909$ $4,748,120$ Noncurrent Liability - Net OPEB Liability $140,962$ $161,780$ Total Liabilities $18,008,471$ $17,006,246$ Deferred Inflows of Resources $86,603$ $56,979$ Related to Pensions $137,600$ $246,753$ Related to OPEB $46,603$ $56,979$ Total Inflow of Resources $184,203$ $303,732$ Net Position $8457,730$ $508,200$ Restricted for Emergencies/Debt Service $165,000$ $165,000$ Restricted for Debt Service $-1,287,195$ $1,287,195$ Unrestricted $695,233$ $(540,014)$	Total Outflow of Resources	1,725,836	1,268,973
Unearned Revenue $98,012$ $27,298$ Accrued Salaries and Benefits $289,670$ $231,367$ Accrued Interest Payable $122,563$ $31,182$ Noncurrent Liability - Due in One Year $335,000$ $325,000$ Noncurrent Liability - More than One Year $11,043,477$ $11,368,251$ Noncurrent Liability - Net Pension Liability $5,837,909$ $4,748,120$ Noncurrent Liability - Net OPEB Liability $140,962$ $161,780$ Total Liabilities $18,008,471$ $17,006,246$ Deferred Inflows of Resources $46,603$ $56,979$ Related to Pensions $137,600$ $246,753$ Related to OPEB $46,603$ $56,979$ Total Inflow of Resources $184,203$ $303,732$ Net Position $857,730$ $508,200$ Restricted for Emergencies/Debt Service $165,000$ $165,000$ Restricted for Debt Service $-1,287,195$ $12,87,195$ Unrestricted $695,233$ $(540,014)$	Liabilities		
Unearned Revenue $98,012$ $27,298$ Accrued Salaries and Benefits $289,670$ $231,367$ Accrued Interest Payable $122,563$ $31,182$ Noncurrent Liability - Due in One Year $335,000$ $325,000$ Noncurrent Liability - More than One Year $11,043,477$ $11,368,251$ Noncurrent Liability - Net Pension Liability $5,837,909$ $4,748,120$ Noncurrent Liability - Net OPEB Liability $140,962$ $161,780$ Total Liabilities $18,008,471$ $17,006,246$ Deferred Inflows of Resources $46,603$ $56,979$ Related to Pensions $137,600$ $246,753$ Related to OPEB $46,603$ $56,979$ Total Inflow of Resources $184,203$ $303,732$ Net Position $857,730$ $508,200$ Restricted for Emergencies/Debt Service $165,000$ $165,000$ Restricted for Debt Service $-1,287,195$ $12,87,195$ Unrestricted $695,233$ $(540,014)$	Accounts Payable and Other Current	140,878	113,248
Accrued Salaries and Benefits $289,670$ $231,367$ Accrued Interest Payable $122,563$ $31,182$ Noncurrent Liability - Due in One Year $335,000$ $325,000$ Noncurrent Liability - More than One Year $11,043,477$ $11,368,251$ Noncurrent Liability - Net Pension Liability $5,837,909$ $4,748,120$ Noncurrent Liability - Net OPEB Liability $140,962$ $161,780$ Total Liabilities $18,008,471$ $17,006,246$ Deferred Inflows of Resources $46,603$ $56,979$ Related to Pensions $137,600$ $246,753$ Related to OPEB $46,603$ $56,979$ Total Inflow of Resources $184,203$ $303,732$ Net PositionNet Investment in Capital Assets $457,730$ $508,200$ Restricted for Emergencies/Debt Service $165,000$ $165,000$ Restricted for Debt Service $-1,287,195$ $Unrestricted$ Unrestricted $695,233$ $(540,014)$		98,012	
Noncurrent Liability - Due in One Year $335,000$ $325,000$ Noncurrent Liability - More than One Year $11,043,477$ $11,368,251$ Noncurrent Liability - Net Pension Liability $5,837,909$ $4,748,120$ Noncurrent Liability - Net OPEB Liability $140,962$ $161,780$ Total Liabilities $18,008,471$ $17,006,246$ Deferred Inflows of Resources $137,600$ $246,753$ Related to Pensions $137,600$ $246,753$ Related to OPEB $46,603$ $56,979$ Total Inflow of Resources $184,203$ $303,732$ Net Position $857,730$ $508,200$ Restricted for Emergencies/Debt Service $165,000$ $165,000$ Restricted for Debt Service $-1,287,195$ $1,287,195$ Unrestricted $695,233$ $(540,014)$	Accrued Salaries and Benefits	289,670	231,367
Noncurrent Liability - More than One Year Noncurrent Liability - Net Pension Liability Noncurrent Liability - Net OPEB Liability $11,043,477$ $11,368,251$ Noncurrent Liability - Net OPEB Liability Total Liabilities $5,837,909$ $4,748,120$ Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions $18,008,471$ $17,006,246$ Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB Total Inflow of Resources $137,600$ $246,753$ Related to OPEB Total Inflow of Resources $46,603$ $56,979$ State of the Pension Net Investment in Capital Assets $457,730$ $508,200$ Restricted for Emergencies/Debt Service Unrestricted $165,000$ $165,000$ Restricted for Debt Service Unrestricted $695,233$ $(540,014)$	Accrued Interest Payable	122,563	31,182
Noncurrent Liability - Net Pension Liability $5,837,909$ $4,748,120$ Noncurrent Liability - Net OPEB Liability $140,962$ $161,780$ Total Liabilities $18,008,471$ $17,006,246$ Deferred Inflows of Resources $137,600$ $246,753$ Related to Pensions $137,600$ $246,753$ Related to OPEB $46,603$ $56,979$ Total Inflow of Resources $184,203$ $303,732$ Net Position $8457,730$ $508,200$ Restricted for Emergencies/Debt Service $165,000$ $165,000$ Restricted for Debt Service $-1,287,195$ $1,287,195$ Unrestricted $695,233$ $(540,014)$	Noncurrent Liability - Due in One Year	335,000	325,000
Noncurrent Liability - Net OPEB Liability140,962161,780Total Liabilities18,008,47117,006,246Deferred Inflows of Resources137,600246,753Related to Pensions137,600246,753Related to OPEB46,60356,979Total Inflow of Resources184,203303,732Net Position184,203508,200Restricted for Emergencies/Debt Service165,000165,000Restricted for Debt Service-1,287,195Unrestricted695,233(540,014)	Noncurrent Liability - More than One Year	11,043,477	11,368,251
Total Liabilities18,008,47117,006,246Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions137,600246,753Related to OPEB46,60356,979Total Inflow of Resources184,203303,732Net Position Restricted for Emergencies/Debt Service165,000165,000Restricted for Debt Service-1,287,195Unrestricted695,233(540,014)	Noncurrent Liability - Net Pension Liability	5,837,909	4,748,120
Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions137,600246,753Related to OPEB46,60356,979Total Inflow of Resources184,203303,732Net Position Net Investment in Capital Assets457,730508,200Restricted for Emergencies/Debt Service165,000165,000Restricted for Debt Service-1,287,195Unrestricted695,233(540,014)	Noncurrent Liability - Net OPEB Liability	140,962	161,780
Related to Pensions 137,600 246,753 Related to OPEB 46,603 56,979 Total Inflow of Resources 184,203 303,732 Net Position Net Investment in Capital Assets 457,730 508,200 Restricted for Emergencies/Debt Service 165,000 165,000 Restricted for Debt Service - 1,287,195 Unrestricted 695,233 (540,014)	Total Liabilities	18,008,471	17,006,246
Related to OPEB46,60356,979Total Inflow of Resources184,203303,732Net PositionNet Investment in Capital Assets457,730508,200Restricted for Emergencies/Debt Service165,000165,000Restricted for Debt Service-1,287,195Unrestricted695,233(540,014)	Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Related to OPEB46,60356,979Total Inflow of Resources184,203303,732Net PositionNet Investment in Capital Assets457,730508,200Restricted for Emergencies/Debt Service165,000165,000Restricted for Debt Service-1,287,195Unrestricted695,233(540,014)	Related to Pensions	137,600	246,753
Total Inflow of Resources184,203303,732Net PositionNet Investment in Capital Assets457,730508,200Restricted for Emergencies/Debt Service165,000165,000Restricted for Debt Service-1,287,195Unrestricted695,233(540,014)	Related to OPEB		56,979
Net Investment in Capital Assets457,730508,200Restricted for Emergencies/Debt Service165,000165,000Restricted for Debt Service-1,287,195Unrestricted695,233(540,014)	Total Inflow of Resources	184,203	
Net Investment in Capital Assets457,730508,200Restricted for Emergencies/Debt Service165,000165,000Restricted for Debt Service-1,287,195Unrestricted695,233(540,014)	Net Position		
Restricted for Emergencies/Debt Service165,000165,000Restricted for Debt Service-1,287,195Unrestricted695,233(540,014)	Net Investment in Capital Assets	457,730	508,200
Restricted for Debt Service - 1,287,195 Unrestricted 695,233 (540,014)	*	165,000	
Unrestricted 695,233 (540,014)	-	-	
	Unrestricted	695,233	(540,014)
	Total Net Position	1,317,963	

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION For Years Ended June 30,2024 and June 30,2023 GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES

	30-Jun-24	30-Jun-23
Revenues		
Programs Revenues		
Charges for Services	381,006	162,484
Operating Grants	163,764	745,172
Capital Grants	180,273	213,527
General Revenues		
Per Pupil Revenue	4,585,314	4,114,670
Other Local Revenue	4,813	2,992
State Aide	-	125,993
Mill Levy	363,952	322,279
Interest	179,964	100,238
Total Revenues	5,859,086	5,787,355
Expenditures/Expenses		
Current		
Instruction	3,144,744	2,619,339
Support Services	2,576,298	2,554,574
Interests and Other Fiscal Charges	473,945	382,837
Total Expenses	6,194,987	5,556,750
Increase (Decrease) in Net Position	(335,901)	230,605
Net Position, Beginning, Restated	1,653,864	1,189,776
Net Position End of the Year	1,317,963	1,420,381

Financial Analysis of the Academy's Funds

As noted earlier, IACS uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds. The focus of the IACS's general fund is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of usable resources. Such information is useful in assessing IACS's financing requirements. Specifically, unassigned fund balance can be a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

At the end of the 2024 fiscal year, unassigned fund balance of the General Fund was \$4,996,243 while total fund balance for all governmental funds reached \$6,731,093. The Academy is required by statute to keep an emergency reserve, which was \$165,000 as of June 30, 2024.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

IACS budgeted for General Fund expenditures of \$5,476,268 for the year ended June 30, 2024. Actual expenditures were \$5,319,695, showing \$156,573 below budgeted expenditures.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital assets. Total capital assets net of accumulated depreciation was \$10,525,148 at June 30, 2024, and \$10, 914,256 at June 30, 2023.

Long-term Debt.

2014 Bonds Payable

In August 2014, the Colorado Educational and Facilities Authority (CECFA) issued \$5,740,000 Charter School Revenue Bonds, Series 2014. Proceeds from the bonds were used to construct the Academy's educational facility. The Academy is required to make lease payments to the Building Corporation for the use of the building. The Building Corporation is required to make equal lease payments to the Trustee, for payment of the bonds. Interest accrues at a rate ranging from 2% to 4.15% per year. Interest payments are due semi-annually on March 1 and September 1 and principal payments are due annually on September 1 starting in 2016.

Bonds maturing on September 1, 2034 and thereafter are subject to mandatory sinking fund redemption beginning September 1, 2024. The bonds mature in September, 2044.

2020 Bonds Payable

In July 2020, the Colorado Educational and Facilities Authority (CECFA) issued \$7,255,000 Charter School Revenue Bonds, Series 2020. Proceeds from the bonds were used to construct the Academy's educational facility. The Academy is required to make lease payments to the Building Corporation for the use of the building. The Building Corporation is required to make equal lease payments to the Trustee, for payment of the bonds. Interest accrues at a rate ranging from 2% to 3.5% per year. Interest payments are due semi-annually on March 1 and September 1 and principal payments are due annually on September 1 starting in 2021 the bonds mature on September 1, 2050.

Economic Factors/Future Trends

The following key economic indicators were considered in the Academy's budget:

- Continued uncertainty in the economy and State Budget process
- Retention of the 2023-2024 enrollment numbers were 96% starting the 2024/2025 school year
- Enrollment was 485 Prek-8th grade in 2023 -2024 and is 495 in 2024-2025 school year
- We are currently working on acquiring 6.5 million dollars in additional bond money and hope to use it to build a full-size gym and auditorium for our student body

Requests for Information

This report is designed to provide an overview of the school's finances for those with an interest in this area. Questions concerning any of the information found in this report or requests for additional information should be directed to the Executive Director, Independence Academy, 675 29 Road, Grand Junction, CO 81504, ph. 970-254-6850.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION As of June 30, 2024

	GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES
ASSETS	
Cash and Investments	\$ 5,832,157
Restricted Cash and Investments	1,311,059
Accounts Receivable	43,486
Prepaid Expenses	72,951
Capital Assets, Not Depreciated	662,120
Capital Assets, Depreciated, Net of Accumulated Depreciation	9,863,028
TOTAL ASSETS	17,784,801
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Related to Pensions	1,675,204
Related to OPEB	50,632
TOTAL DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	1,725,836
LIABILITIES	
Accounts Payable	140,878
Accrued Salaries and Benefits	289,670
Unearned Revenue	98,012
Accrued Interest Payable	122,563
Noncurrent Liabilities	
Due in One Year	335,000
Due in More than One Year	11,043,477
Net Pension Liability	5,837,909
Net OPEB Liability	140,962
TOTAL LIABILITIES	18,008,471
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Related to Pensions	137,600
Related to OPEB	46,603
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	184,203
NET POSITION	
Net Investment in Capital Assets	457,730
Restricted for Emergencies	165,000
Unrestricted	695,233
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$ 1,317,963

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES Year Ended June 30, 2024

								RE	T (EXPENSE) VENUE AND
					RAM REVENUE	:c			HANGES IN T POSITION
			OPERATING CAPITAL						FOSITION
		СН4	ARGES FOR		ANTS AND		RANTS AND	GO	/ERNMENTAL
FUNCTIONS/PROGRAMS	EXPENSES		ERVICES		TRIBUTIONS		ITRIBUTIONS		ACTIVITIES
PRIMARY GOVERNMENT	 								
Governmental Activities									
Instructional	\$ 3,144,744	\$	-	\$	93,942	\$	-	\$	(3,050,802)
Supporting Services	2,576,298		381,006		69,822		180,273		(1,945,197)
Interest and Other Fiscal									
Charges	473,945		-		-		-		(473,945)
Total Governmental									
Activities	\$ 6,194,987	\$	381,006	\$	163,764	\$	180,273		(5,469,944)
		-	RAL REVENU	-					
			upil Revenue						4,585,314
			evy Override	2					363,952
		Inter							179,964
		Othe	r						4,813
		тот	TAL GENERAI	. REVE	INUES				5,134,043
		CHAN	GE IN NET PO	SITIO	Ν				(335,901)
		NET POSITION, Beginning, as previously reported						1,420,381	
		Restatement, see Note 9						233,483	
		NET P	OSITION, as r	estate	ea				1,653,864
		NET P	OSITION, End	ling				\$	1,317,963

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS June 30, 2024

			S	STUDENT				TOTAL
	GENERAL		A	CTIVITIES	BUILDING		GO	VERNMENTAL
		FUND		FUND		RPORATION		FUNDS
ASSETS								
Cash and Investments	\$	5,527,324	\$	304,833	\$	-	\$	5,832,157
Restricted Cash and Investments		-		-		1,311,059		1,311,059
Accounts Receivable		42,149		1,337		-		43,486
Due From Other Fund		49,109		-		-		49,109
Prepaid Expenses		72,951		-		-		72,951
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	5,691,533	\$	306,170	\$	1,311,059	\$	7,308,762
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES								
LIABILITIES								
Accounts Payable	\$	140,769	\$	109	\$	-	\$	140,878
Accrued Salaries		289,670		-		-		289,670
Due to Other Fund		-		49,109		-		49,109
Unearned Revenues		26,900		71,112		-		98,012
TOTAL LIABILITIES		457,339		120,330		-		577,669
FUND BALANCES								
Nonspendable		72,951		-		_		72,951
Restricted for Emergencies		165,000		-		-		165,000
Committed to Fund Purpose		-		185,840		-		185,840
Restricted for Debt Service		-		-		1,311,059		1,311,059
Unassigned		4,996,243		-				4,996,243
TOTAL FUND BALANCES		5,234,194		185,840		1,311,059		6,731,093
		3,234,134		100,040		1,011,000		0,701,000
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	\$	5,691,533	\$	306,170	\$	1,311,059	\$	7,308,762

RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION Year Ended June 30, 2024

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:

Total fund balances of govern	mental funds		\$ 6,731,093
Capital assets used in governm therefore, are not reported			
· ·	Capital Assets, not depreciated	662,120	
	Capital Assets, depreciated	12,873,396	
	Accumulated Depreciation	(3,010,368)	10,525,148
Long-term liabilities and relate	ed assets are not due and payable in the current		
period and, therefore, are n	ot reported in the funds.		
	Bonds Payable	(11,635,000)	
	Bond Discount	256,523	
	Accrued Interest Payable	(122,563)	
	Net Pension Liability	(5,837,909)	
	Net OPEB Liability	(140,962)	(17,479,911)
	s of resources related to pensions are applicable to re, are not reported in the funds.		
	Deferred outflows of resources - Related to Pensions Deferred outflows of resources - Related to OPEB Deferred inflows of resources - Related to Pensions	1,675,204 50,632 (137,600)	
	Deferred inflows of resources - Related to OPEB	(46,603)	1,541,633
Net position of governmental	activities		\$ 1,317,963

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS Year Ended June 30, 2024

	GENERAL FUND			TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
REVENUES				
Local Sources	\$ 5,339,872	\$ 162,973	\$ 756,206	\$ 6,259,051
State Sources	197,049	-	-	197,049
Federal Sources	93,942		-	93,942
TOTAL REVENUES	5,630,863	162,973	756,206	6,550,042
EXPENDITURES				
Current				
Instruction	2,727,860	-	-	2,727,860
Supporting Services	2,452,305	210,616	-	2,662,921
Capital Outlay	139,530	-	-	139,530
Debt Service				
Principal	-	-	325,000	325,000
Interest			372,338	372,338
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	5,319,695	210,616	697,338	6,227,649
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER				
(UNDER) EXPENDITURES	311,168	(47,643)	58,868	322,393
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers In	35,004	-	-	35,004
Transfers Out			(35,004)	(35,004)
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	35,004		(35,004)	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	346,172	(47,643)	23,864	322,393
FUND BALANCES, Beginning, as previously reported	4,888,022	345,517	1,287,195	6,520,734
Restatement, see Note 9	-	(112,034)	-	(112,034)
Fund BALANCES, Beginning, as restated	4,888,022	233,483	1,287,195	6,408,700
FUND BALANCES, Ending	\$ 5,234,194	\$ 185,840	\$ 1,311,059	\$ 6,731,093

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES Year Ended June 30, 2024

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds					
funds as expenditures. However, shown in the statement of net pos	capital assets are reported in governmental for governmental activities those costs are sition and allocated over their estimated n expense in the statement of activities.				
	Purchase of Capital Assets	139,530			
	Depreciation	(522,855)			
	Loss on Disposal of Assets	(5,783)		(389,108)	
Some expenses reported in the state financial resources and are not rep	ement of activities do not require current ported in the funds. Bond Principal Payments Amortization of Bond Discount Changes in Accrued Interest Payable	325,000 (10,226) (91,381)		223,393	
	ns and OPEB are not recognized in the r the government-wide statements those rtized.				
	Deferred charges related to Pension Plan	(521,346)			
	Deferred charges related to OPEB	28,767		(492,579)	
Change in net position of government	ntal activities		\$	(335,901)	

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2024

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The Independence Academy (the "School") was formed in 2002 under the Charter Schools Act. The School is governed by a five-member Board of Directors.

The accounting policies of the School conform with generally accepted accounting principles as applicable to governmental entities. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and reporting principles. Following is a summary of the more significant policies:

The School is a component unit of the Mesa Valley County School District 51.

Reporting Entity

The definition of the reporting entity is based primarily on financial accountability. The financial reporting entity consists of the School and organizations for which the School is financially accountable. It is also financially accountable for legally separate organizations if the School's officials appoint a voting majority for the organization's governing body and either it is able to impose its will on the organization, or if the organization provides benefits to, or imposes financial burdens on the School. The School may also be financially accountable for organizations that are fiscally dependent upon it.

Based on the application of this criteria, the School includes the following organizations within its reporting entity:

Independence Academy Building Corporation

The Independence Academy Building Corporation (the "Building Corporation") was formed for the purpose of supporting and assisting the School, specifically to assist the School in the financing and construction of the School's facilities. The Building Corporation is blended into the School's financial statements as a debt service fund. Separate financial statements are not available for the Building Corporation.

Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the School. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by intergovernmental revenues, are reported in a single column.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2024

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

The statement of net position reports all financial, capital and debt resources of the School. The difference between the assets plus deferred outflows of resources and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources of the School is reported as net position.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of the given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to students or other customers who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Unrestricted intergovernmental revenue and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Major individual governmental funds are reported in separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when the liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collected within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the School considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2024

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation (Continued)

Intergovernmental revenues, grants, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the School.

Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences, are recorded only when payment is due.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the School's practice to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

In the fund financial statements, the School reports the following major governmental funds:

The *General Fund* is the School's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the School, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The *Student Activities Fund* accounts for the fundraising and various other student activities.

Assets, Liabilities, and Fund Balance/Net Position

<u>Deposits and Investments</u> – For purposes of the statement of cash flows, the School considers cash and cash equivalents to be all demand deposits as well as short-term investments with a maturity date of three months or less. Investments are stated at fair value.

<u>Receivables</u> – All receivables are reported at their gross value and, where appropriate, are reduced by the estimated portion that is expected to be uncollectible.

<u>Prepaid Expenses</u> – Payments made to vendors for services that will benefit future periods are recorded as prepaid expenses. An expenditure is reported in the year in which the services are consumed.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2024

NOTE 1: <u>SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES</u> (Continued)

Assets, Liabilities, and Fund Balance/Net Position (Continued)

<u>Capital Assets</u> – Capital assets, which include property and equipment, are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the School as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated acquisition value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized.

Depreciation of exhaustible capital assets is charged as an expense against operations, and accumulated depreciation is reported on the statement of net position in the government-wide financial statements. Property and equipment of the School is depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives.

Buildings and Improvements	10 - 50 years
Equipment	5 - 10 years

<u>Unearned Revenues</u> – The deferred revenues include amounts received but not yet available for expenditure.

<u>Accrued Salaries and Benefits</u> – Salaries and retirement benefits of certain contractually employed personnel are paid over a twelve-month period from August to July but are earned during a school year of approximately nine to ten months. The salaries and benefits earned, but unpaid, as of June 30, 2024 are reported as a liability in the General Fund.

<u>Deferred Outflows of Resources</u> - In addition to assets, the statement of financial position and balance sheets will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position and fund balance that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2024

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Assets, Liabilities, and Fund Balance/Net Position (Continued

<u>Deferred Inflows of Resources</u> - In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position and balance sheets will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position and fund balance that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

<u>Long-Term Debt</u> – In the government-wide financial statements long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as current expenditures.

<u>Compensated Absences</u> – The School's policy allows employees to earn personal leave of absence during the year. Upon termination, no unused personal leave of absence days are paid to the employees. Therefore, no liability is recorded in the School's government-wide statement of net position.

<u>Net Position</u>– The government-wide and business-type fund financial statements utilize a net position presentation. Net position is categorized as investment in capital assets, restricted, and unrestricted.

<u>Investment in Capital Assets</u> is intended to reflect the portion of net position which is associated with non-liquid, capital assets less outstanding capital asset related debt. The net related debt is the debt less the outstanding liquid assets and any associated unamortized cost.

<u>Restricted Net Position</u> represents liquid assets, which have third party limitations on their use.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2024

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Assets, Liabilities, and Fund Balance/Net Position (Continued)

<u>Unrestricted Net Position</u> represents assets that do not have any third-party limitation on their use. While School management may have categorized and segmented portions for various purposes, the School Board has the unrestricted right to revisit or alter these managerial decisions.

<u>Fund Balance Classification</u> – The governmental fund financial statements present fund balances based on classifications that comprise a hierarchy that is based primarily on the extent to which the School is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in the respective governmental funds can be spent. The classifications used in the governmental fund financial statements are as follows:

- <u>Nonspendable</u> This classification includes amounts that cannot be spent either because they are not in a spendable form or because they are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The School reports prepaid expenses as nonspendable at June 30, 2024.
- Restricted This classification includes amounts for which constraints have been placed on the use of the resources either (a) externally imposed by creditors (such as through a debt covenant), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or (b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. The School has classified Emergency Reserves as being restricted because their use is restricted by State Statute for declared emergencies. The School also reports the fund balance of the Building Corporation as restricted for debt service.
- <u>Committed</u> This classification includes amounts that can be used only for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the Board of Directors. These amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the Board of Directors removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action (ordinance or resolution) that was employed when the funds were initially committed. This classification also includes contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements. The School reports the fund balance of the Student Activities Fund as committed at June 30, 2024.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2024

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Assets, Liabilities, and Fund Balance/Net Position (Continued)

- <u>Assigned</u> This classification includes amounts the government intends to use for specific purposes that do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. The School did not have any assigned resources as of June 30, 2024.
- <u>Unassigned</u> This classification includes the residual fund balance for the General Fund. The Unassigned classification also includes negative residual fund balance of any other governmental fund that cannot be eliminated by offsetting of Assigned fund balance amounts.

The School would typically use Restricted fund balances first, followed by Committed resources, and then Assigned resources, as appropriate opportunities arise, but reserves the right to selectively spend Unassigned fund balance.

Risk Management

The School is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets, injuries to employees, and natural disasters. The School purchases commercial insurance for these risks of loss. Settled claims have not exceeded this coverage in the last three years.

Income Taxes

The School is a tax-exempt entity under section 501 (c) 3 of the US Internal Revenue Code. The School's tax filings are subject to audit by various taxing authorities. The School believes it has no significant uncertain tax provisions for the year ended June 30, 2024.

Subsequent Events

The School has evaluated events subsequent to the year ended June 30, 2024 through September 30, 2024, the date these financial statements were issued, and has incorporated any required recognition into these financial statements.

On September 19, 2024, the School issued Charter School Revenue Bonds Series 2024 in the amount of \$6,500,000. Proceeds of the bonds will be used to finance the construction of a gymnasium.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2024

NOTE 2: CASH AND INVESTMENTS

At June 30, 2024, cash and investments consist of the following:

Deposits Investments	\$ 4,749,963 2,393,253
Total	\$ 7,143,216
The above amounts are classified in the statement of net posi	tion as follows:
Cash and Investments - Unrestricted Cash and Investments - Restricted	\$ 5,832,157 1,311,059
Total	\$ 7,143,216

Deposits

Custodial Credit Risk – Deposits

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the government's deposits may not be returned to it. The Colorado Public Deposit Protection Act (PDPA) requires that all units of local government deposit cash in eligible public depositories. Eligibility is determined by state regulations.

At June 30, 2024 State regulatory commissioners have indicated that all financial institutions holding deposits for the School are eligible public depositories. Amounts on deposit in excess of federal insurance levels must be collateralized by eligible collateral as determined by the PDPA. PDPA allows the financial institution to create a single collateral pool for all public funds held.

The pool is to be maintained by another institution or held in trust for all the uninsured public deposits as a group. The market value of the collateral must be at least equal to 102% of the uninsured deposits.

At June 30, 2024, the School had deposits with financial institutions with a carrying amount of \$4,749,963. The bank balances with the financial institutions were \$4,767,804. Of these balances, \$555,405 was covered by federal depository insurance and \$4,212,399 was covered by collateral held by authorized escrow agents in the financial institutions name (PDPA).

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2024

NOTE 2: CASH AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

Custodial Risk

The School has no policy regarding custodial credit risk for deposits.

Investments

Interest Rate Risk

The School does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

Credit Risk

Colorado statutes specify in which instruments the units of local government may invest which includes:

- Obligations of the United States and certain U.S. government agency securities
- Certain international agency securities
- General obligation and revenue bonds of U.S. local government entities
- Bankers' acceptances of certain banks
- Commercial paper
- Local government investment pools
- Written repurchase agreements collateralized by certain authorized securities
- Certain money market funds
- Guaranteed investment contracts

The School does not have a formal investment policy to limit credit risk. However, the School follows state statutes regarding investments.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2024

NOTE 2: CASH AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

Local Government Investment Pools

The School had invested \$2,393,253 in the Colorado Government Liquid Asset Trust (ColoTrust) which has a credit rating of AAAm by Standard and Poor's. ColoTrust is an investment vehicle established for local government entities in Colorado to pool surplus funds and is regulated by the State Securities Commissioner. It operates similarly to a money market fund and each share is equal in value to \$1.00 (Net Asset Value). Investments consist of U.S. Treasury and U.S. Agency securities. A designated custodial bank provides safekeeping and depository services in connection with the direct investment and withdrawal functions. Substantially all securities owned are held by the Federal Reserve Bank in the account maintained for the custodial bank. The custodian's internal records identify the investments owned by the entities.

ColoTrust is not a 2a7-like external investment pool. The unit of account is each share held, and the value of the position would be the fair value of the pool's share price multiplied by the number of shares held. The government-investor does not "look through" the pool to report a pro rata share of the pool's investments, receivables, and payables. The School's investments are measured at net asset value.

Restricted Cash

At June 30, 2024, cash in the amount of \$1,311,059 is restricted in the Building Corporation to comply with debt covenants.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2024

NOTE 3: <u>CAPITAL ASSETS</u>

Capital Asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2024, is summarized below:

		Balance /30/2023	A	dditions	De	eletions	Balance 6/30/2024	
Governmental Activities								
Capital Assets,								
Not Depreciated								
Land	\$	650,620	\$	-	\$	-	\$	650,620
Construction in Progress		-		11,500		-		11,500
Total Capital Assets,								
Not Depreciated	\$	650,620	\$	11,500	\$	-	\$	662,120
Capital Asset, Being								
Depreciated								
Buildings and Improvement	1	2,446,378		58,500		_	1	2,504,878
Equipment	1	341,430		69,530		42,442	1	368,518
Total Capital Assets,		341,430		05,550		72,772		300,310
Being Depreciated	1	2,787,808		128,030		42,442	1	2,873,396
				120,000		,		2,070,000
Accumulated Depreciation								
Buildings and Improvement		2,321,838		480,102		-		2,801,940
Equipment		202,334		42,753		36,659		208,428
Total Depreciation		2,524,172		522,855		36,659		3,010,368
Total Capital Assets,								
Being Depreciated, Net	1	0,263,636		(394,825)		5,783		9,863,028
Net Capital Assets	\$1	0,914,256	\$	(383,325)	\$	5,783	\$1	0,525,148

Depreciation has been charged to the Supporting Services program of the School.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2024

NOTE 4: LONG-TERM DEBT

The following is a summary of the School's long-term debt transactions for the year ended June 30, 2024:

	6/30/2023 Balance	Additions	Paymen	6/30/2024 ts Balance	Due In ne Year
2014 Bonds 2014 Bond Discount 2020 Bonds 2020 Bond Discount	\$ 4,885,000 (32,845) 7,075,000 (233,904)	\$ - - - -	185,0	663) (31,282)	\$ 150,000 - 185,000 -
Total	\$ 11,693,251	\$-	\$ 314,7	74 \$ 11,378,477	\$ 335,000

2014 Bonds

In August 2014, the Colorado Educational and Facilities Authority (CECFA) issued \$5,740,000 Charter School Revenue Bonds, Series 2014. Proceeds from the bonds were used to construct the School's educational facility. The School is required to make lease payments to the Building Corporation for the use of the building. The Building Corporation is required to make equal lease payments to the Trustee for payment of the bonds. Interest accrues at a rate ranging from 2 percent to 4.15 percent per year. Interest payments are due semi-annually on March 1 and September 1. Principal payments are due annually on September 1, beginning in 2016 through September 1, 2044.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2024

NOTE 4: LONG-TERM DEBT (Continued)

Future debt service requirements for the 2014 Bonds are as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	Principal	Interest	Total	
2025	\$150,000	\$190,925	\$340,925	
2026	155,000	184,825	339,825	
2027	160,000	178,525	338,525	
2028	165,000	172,025	337,025	
2029	175,000	165,225	340,225	
2030-2034	970,000	2,440,450	3,410,450	
2035-2039	1,185,000	496,694	1,681,694	
2040-2044	1,455,000	223,996	1,678,996	
2045	330,000	6,848	336,848	
Total	\$4,745,000	\$4,059,513	\$ 8,804,513	

2020 Bonds

In July 2020, the Colorado Educational and Facilities Authority (CECFA) issued \$7,225,000 Charter School Revenue Bonds, Series 2020. Proceeds from the bonds were used to construct and addition to the School's educational facility. The School is required to make lease payments to the Building Corporation for the use of the building. The Building Corporation is required to make equal lease payments to the Trustee for payment of the bonds. Interest accrues at a rate ranging from 2 percent to 3.5 percent per year. Interest payments are due semi-annually on March 1 and September 1, Principal payments are due annually on September 1, beginning in 2020 through September 1, 2050.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2024

NOTE 4: LONG-TERM DEBT (Continued)

Future debt service requirements are as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	Principal	Interest	Total	
2025	\$185,000	\$171,912	\$356,912	
2026	190,000	168,162	358,162	
2027	195,000	164,312	359,312	
2028	200,000	160,362	360,362	
2029	200,000	156,362	356,362	
2030-2034	1,075,000	714,162	1,789,162	
2035-2039	1,210,000	573,801	1,783,801	
2040-2044	1,370,000	407,360	1,777,360	
2045-2049	1,575,000	205,358	1,780,358	
2050-2051	690,000	19,112	709,112	
Total	\$6,890,000	\$2,740,903	\$ 9,630,903	

NOTE 5: INTERFUND BALANCES AND TRANSFERS

During the year ended June 30, 2024, the Building Corporation transferred \$35,004 to the General Fund for reimbursement of excess reserve funds.

At June 30, 2024 the Student Activities Fund owes the General Fund \$49,109 for expenditures paid by the General Fund on behalf of the Student Activities Fund.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2024

NOTE 6: DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Pensions. The School participates in the School Division Trust Fund (SCHDTF), a costsharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the Public Employees' Retirement Association of Colorado (PERA). The net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position (FNP) and additions to/deductions from the FNP of the SCHDTF have been determined using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

General Information about the Pension Plan

Plan description. Eligible employees of the School are provided with pensions through the SCHDTF—a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by PERA. Plan benefits are specified in Title 24, Article 51 of the Colorado Revised Statutes (C.R.S.), administrative rules set forth at 8 C.C.R. 1502-1, and applicable provisions of the federal Internal Revenue Code. Colorado State law provisions may be amended from time to time by the Colorado General Assembly. PERA issues a publicly available annual financial comprehensive report (ACFR) that can be obtained at www.copera.org/investments/pera-financial-reports.

Benefits provided as of December 31, 2023. PERA provides retirement, disability, and survivor benefits. Retirement benefits are determined by the amount of service credit earned and/or purchased, highest average salary, the benefit structure(s) under which the member retires, the benefit option selected at retirement, and age at retirement. Retirement eligibility is specified in tables set forth at C.R.S. § 24-51-602, 604, 1713, and 1714.

The lifetime retirement benefit for all eligible retiring employees under the PERA benefit structure is the greater of the:

- Highest average salary multiplied by 2.5% and then multiplied by years of service credit.
 - The value of the retiring employee's member contribution account plus a 100% match on eligible amounts as of the retirement date. This amount is then annuitized into a monthly benefit based on life expectancy and other actuarial factors.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2024

NOTE 6: DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (Continued)

General Information about the Pension Plan (Continued)

In all cases the service retirement benefit is limited to 100% of highest average salary and cannot exceed the maximum benefit allowed by federal Internal Revenue Code.

Members may elect to withdraw their member contribution accounts upon termination of employment with all PERA employers; waiving rights to any lifetime retirement benefits earned. If eligible, the member may receive a match of either 50% or 100% on eligible amounts depending on when contributions were remitted to PERA, the date employment was terminated, whether 5 years of service credit has been obtained and the benefit structure under which contributions were made.

Upon meeting certain criteria, benefit recipients who elect to receive a lifetime retirement benefit generally receive post-retirement cost-of-living adjustments, referred to as annual increases in the C.R.S. Subject to the automatic adjustment provision (AAP) under C.R.S. § 24-51-413, eligible benefit recipients under the PERA benefit structure who began membership before January 1, 2007, and all eligible benefit recipients of the DPS benefit structure will receive the maximum annual increase (AI) or AI cap of 1.00% unless adjusted by the AAP. Eligible benefit recipients under the PERA benefit structure who began membership on or after January 1, 2007, will receive the lesser of an annual increase of the 1.00% AI cap or the average increase of the Consumer Price Index for Urban Wage Earners and Clerical Workers for the prior calendar year, not to exceed a determined increase that would exhaust 10% of PERA's Annual Increase Reserve (AIR) for the SCHDTF. The AAP may raise or lower the aforementioned AI cap by up to 0.25% based on the parameters specified in C.R.S. § 24-51-413.

Disability benefits are available for eligible employees once they reach five years of earned service credit and are determined to meet the definition of disability. The disability benefit amount is based on the lifetime retirement benefit formula(s) shown above considering a minimum 20 years of service credit, if deemed disabled. Survivor benefits are determined by several factors, which include the amount of earned service credit, highest average salary of the deceased, the benefit structure(s) under which service credit was obtained, and the qualified survivor(s) who will receive the benefits.

Contributions provisions as of June 30, 2024: Eligible employees of the School and the State are required to contribute to the SCHDTF at a rate set by Colorado statute. The contribution requirements for the SCHDTF are established under C.R.S. § 24-51-401, *et seq.* and § 24-51-413. Eligible employees are required to contribute 11.00% of their PERA-includable salary during the period of July 1, 2023 through June 30, 2024.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2024

NOTE 6: <u>**DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN**</u> (Continued)

General Information about the Pension Plan (Continued)

Employer contribution requirements are summarized in the table below:

	July 1, 2023 Through June 30, 2024
Employer contribution rate	11.40%
Amount of employer contribution apportioned to the Health Care Trust Fund as specified in C.R.S. § 24-51-208(1)(f)	(1.02%)
Amount apportioned to the SCHDTF	10.38%
Amortization Equalization Disbursement (AED) as specified in C.R.S. § 24-51-411	4.50%
Supplemental Amortization Equalization Disbursement (SAED) as specified in C.R.S. § 24-51-411	5.50%
Total employer contribution rate to the SCHDTF	20.38%

Contribution rates for the SCHDTF are expressed as a percentage of salary as defined in C.R.S. § 24-51-101(42).

Employer contributions are recognized by the SCHDTF in the period in which the compensation becomes payable to the member and the School is statutorily committed to pay the contributions to the SCHDTF. Employer contributions recognized by the SCHDTF from the School were \$470,661 for the year ended June 30, 2024.

For purposes of GASB 68 paragraph 15, a circumstance exists in which a nonemployer contributing entity is legally responsible for making contributions to the SCHDTF and is considered to meet the definition of a special funding situation. As specified in C.R.S. § 24-51-414, the State is required to contribute a \$225 million direct distribution each year to PERA starting on July 1, 2018. A portion of the direct distribution payment is allocated to the SCHDTF based on the proportionate amount of annual payroll of the SCHDTF to the total annual payroll of the SCHDTF, State Division Trust Fund, Judicial Division Trust Fund, and Denver Public Schools Division Trust Fund. The direct distribution from the State was suspended in 2020. To compensate PERA for the suspension, C.R.S. §§ 24-51-414(6-8) required restorative payment by providing an accelerated payment in 2022. In 2022, the State Treasurer issued payment for the direct distribution of \$225 million plus an additional amount of \$380 million. Due to the advanced payment made in 2022, the State reduced the distribution in 2023 to \$35 million. Additionally, the newly added C.R.S. § 24-51-414(9) providing compensatory payment of \$14.561 million for 2023 only.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2024

NOTE 6: DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (Continued)

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

The net pension liability for the SCHDTF was measured as of December 31, 2023, and the total pension liability (TPL) used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2022. Standard update procedures were used to roll-forward the TPL to December 31, 2023. School's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the School's contributions to the SCHDTF for the calendar year 2023 relative to the total contributions of participating employers and the State as a nonemployer contributing entity.

At June 30, 2024 the School reported a liability of \$5,837,909 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability that reflected an increase for support from the State as a nonemployer contributing entity. The amount recognized by the School as its proportionate share of the net pension liability, the related support from the State as a nonemployer contributing entity, and the total portion of the net pension liability that was associated with the School were as follows:

District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 5,837,909
The State's proportionate share of the net pension liability	
as a nonemployer contributing entity associated with the	
School	\$ 128,008
Total	\$ 5,965,917

At December 31, 2023, the School's proportion was 0.0330%, which was an increase of 0.00694% from its proportion measured as of December 31, 2022.

For the year ended June 30, 2024, the School recognized pension expense of \$1,003,989 and revenue of \$9,753 for support from the State as a nonemployer contributing entity. At June 30, 2024, the School reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2024

NOTE 6: <u>DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN</u> (Continued)

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Continued)

	Def	Deferred Outflows		Deferred Inflows	
	<u> </u>	of Resources		of Resources	
Difference between expected and actual					
experience	\$	276,827	\$	-	
Changes in assumptions and other inputs	\$	-	\$	-	
Net difference between projected and actual					
earnings on pension plan investments	\$	418,487	\$	-	
Changes in proportion between					
contributions recognized and proportionate					
share of contributions	\$	741,254	\$	137,600	
Contributions subsequent to the measurement					
date	\$	238,636	\$	-	
Total	\$	1,675,204	\$	137,600	

\$238,636 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions, resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date, will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2025. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	
2025	\$ 343,310
2026	\$ 576,500
2027	\$ 495,845
2028	\$ (116,687)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2024

NOTE 6: <u>**DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN**</u> (Continued)

Actuarial assumptions.

The TPL in the December 31, 2022, actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial cost method, actuarial assumptions, and other inputs:

Actuarial cost method	Entry age
Price inflation	2.30%
Real wage growth	0.70%
Wage inflation	3.00%
Salary increases, including wage inflation:	3.40%-11.00%
Long-term investment rate of return, net of pension plan	7.25%
investment expenses, including price inflation	
Discount rate	7.25%
Post-retirement benefit increases:	
PERA benefit structure hired prior to 1/1/07 and DPS benefit structure (compounded annually)	1.00%
PERA benefit structure hired after 12/31/06 ¹	Financed by the AIR

¹ Post-retirement benefit increases are provided by the AIR, accounted separately within each Division Trust Fund, and subject to moneys being available; therefore, liabilities related to increases for members of these benefit tiers can never exceed available assets.

The mortality tables described below are generational mortality tables developed on a benefit-weighted basis. Pre-retirement mortality assumptions were based upon the PubT-2010 Employee Table with generational projection using scale MP-2019.

Post-retirement non-disabled mortality assumptions were based upon the PubT-2010 Healthy Retiree Table, adjusted as follows:

- Males: 112% of the rates prior to age 80 and 94% of the rates for ages 80 and older, with generational projection using scale MP-2019.
- **Females:** 83% of the rates prior to age 80 and 106% of the rates for ages 80 and older, with generational projection using scale MP-2019.

Post-retirement non-disabled beneficiary mortality assumptions were based upon the Pub-2010 Contingent Survivor Table, adjusted as follows:

- **Males:** 97% of the rates for all ages, with generational projection using scale MP-2019.
- **Females:** 105% of the rates for all ages, with generational projection using scale MP-2019.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2024

NOTE 6: DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (Continued)

Actuarial assumptions. (Continued)

Disabled mortality assumptions were based upon the PubNS-2010 Disabled Retiree Table using 99% of the rates for all ages with generational projection using scale MP-2019.

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2022, valuation were based on the 2020 experience analysis, dated October 28, 2020, for the period January 1, 2016, through December 31, 2019. Revised economic and demographic assumptions were adopted by the PERA Board on November 20, 2020.

The long-term expected return on plan assets is reviewed as part of regularly scheduled experience studies prepared at least every five years and asset/liability studies performed every three to five years for PERA. The most recent analyses were outlined in the Experience Study report dated October 28, 2020.

Several factors are considered in evaluating the long-term rate of return assumption, including long-term historical data, estimates inherent in current market data, and a lognormal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected return, net of investment expense and inflation) were developed for each major asset class. These ranges were combined to produce the long- term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentages and then adding expected inflation.

The PERA Board first adopted the 7.25% long-term expected rate of return as of November 18, 2016. Following an asset/liability study, the Board reaffirmed the assumed rate of return at the Board's November 15, 2019, meeting, to be effective January 1, 2020. As of the most recent reaffirmation of the long-term rate of return, the target asset allocation, and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the table as follows:

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2024

NOTE 6: DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (Continued)

Actuarial assumptions. (Continued)

Asset Class	Target Allocation	30 Year Expected Geometric Real Rate of Return
Global Equity	54.00%	5.60%
Fixed Income	23.00%	1.30%
Private Equity	8.50%	7.10%
Real Estate	8.50%	4.40%
Alternatives	6.00%	4.70%
Total	100.00%	

Note: In setting the long-term expected rate of return, projections employed to model future returns provide a range of expected long-term returns that, including expected inflation, ultimately support a long- term expected nominal rate of return assumption of 7.25%.

Discount rate

The discount rate used to measure the TPL was 7.25%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate applied the actuarial cost method and assumptions shown above. In addition, the following methods and assumptions were used in the projection of cash flows:

- Total covered payroll for the initial projection year consists of the covered payroll of the active membership present on the valuation date and the covered payroll of future plan members assumed to be hired during the year. In subsequent projection years, total covered payroll was assumed to increase annually at a rate of 3.00%.
- Employee contributions were assumed to be made at the member contribution rates in effect for each year, including the scheduled increases in SB 18-200 and required adjustments resulting from the 2018 and 2020 AAP assessments. Employee contributions for future plan members were used to reduce the estimated amount of total service costs for future plan members.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2024

NOTE 6: <u>**DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN**</u> (Continued)

Discount rate (Continued)

- Employer contributions were assumed to be made at rates equal to the fixed statutory rates specified in law for each year, including the scheduled increase in SB 18-200 and required adjustments resulting from the 2018 and 2020 AAP assessments. Employer contributions also include current and estimated future AED and SAED, until the actuarial value funding ratio reaches 103%, at which point the AED and SAED will each drop 0.50% every year until they are zero. Additionally, estimated employer contributions reflect reductions for the funding of the AIR and retiree health care benefits. For future plan members, employer contributions were further reduced by the estimated amount of total service costs for future plan members not financed by their member contributions.
- As specified in law, the State, as a nonemployer contributing entity, will provide an annual direct distribution of \$225 million commencing July 1, 2018, that is proportioned between the State, School, Judicial, and DPS Division Trust Funds based upon the covered payroll of each Division. The annual direct distribution ceases when all Division Trust Funds are fully funded.
- Employer contributions and the amount of total service costs for future plan members were based upon a process to estimate future actuarially determined contributions assuming an analogous future plan member growth rate.
- The AIR balance was excluded from the initial FNP, as, per statute, AIR amounts cannot be used to pay benefits until transferred to either the retirement benefits reserve or the survivor benefits reserve, as appropriate. AIR transfers to the FNP and the subsequent AIR benefit payments were estimated and included in the projections.
- Benefit payments and contributions were assumed to be made at the middle of the year.
- Beginning with the December 31, 2023, measurement date and thereafter, the FNP as of the current measurement date is used as a starting point for the GASB 67 projection test.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2024

NOTE 6: <u>**DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN**</u> (Continued)

Discount rate (Continued)

Based on the above assumptions and methods, the SCHDTF's FNP was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return of 7.25% on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the TPL. The discount rate determination does not use the municipal bond index rate, and therefore, the discount rate is 7.25%. There was no change in the discount rate from the prior measurement date.

Sensitivity of the School's proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.25%, as well as what the proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower (6.25%) or 1-percentage point higher (8.25%) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease	Current Discount	1% Increase
	(6.25%)	Rate (7.25%)	(8.25%)
Proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$7,806,256	\$5,837,909	\$4,196,546

Pension plan fiduciary net position. Detailed information about the SCHDTF's FNP is available in PERA's ACFR which can be obtained at <u>www.copera.org/investments/pera-financial-reports</u>.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2024

NOTE 7: DEFINED BENEFIT OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT (OPEB) PLAN

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

OPEB. The School participates in the Health Care Trust Fund (HCTF), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit OPEB fund administered by the Public Employees' Retirement Association of Colorado ("PERA"). The net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position (FNP) and additions to/deductions from the FNP of the HCTF have been determined using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. For this purpose, benefits paid on behalf of health care participants are recognized when due and/or payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

General Information about the OPEB Plan

Plan description. Eligible employees of the School are provided with OPEB through the HCTF—a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit OPEB plan administered by PERA. The HCTF is established under Title 24, Article 51, Part 12 of the Colorado Revised Statutes (C.R.S.), as amended, and sets forth a framework that grants authority to the PERA Board to contract, self-insure, and authorize disbursements necessary in order to carry out the purposes of the PERACare program, including the administration of the premium subsidies. Colorado State law provisions may be amended by the Colorado General Assembly. PERA issues a publicly available annual comprehensive financial report (ACFR) that can be obtained at www.copera.org/investments/pera-financial-reports.

Benefits provided. The HCTF provides a health care premium subsidy to eligible participating PERA benefit recipients and retirees who choose to enroll in one of the PERA health care plans, however, the subsidy is not available if only enrolled in the dental and/or vision plan(s). The health care premium subsidy is based upon the benefit structure under which the member retires and the member's years of service credit. For members who retire having service credit with employers in the Denver Public Schools (DPS) Division and one or more of the other four Divisions (State, School, Local Government and Judicial), the premium subsidy is allocated between the HCTF and the Denver Public Schools Health Care Trust Fund (DPS HCTF). The basis for the amount of the premium subsidy funded by each trust fund is the percentage of the member contribution account balance from each division as it relates to the total member contribution account balance from which the retirement benefit is paid.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2024

NOTE 7: <u>DEFINED BENEFIT OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT (OPEB) PLAN</u> (Continued)

General Information about the OPEB Plan (Continued)

C.R.S. § 24-51-1202 *et seq.* specifies the eligibility for enrollment in the health care plans offered by PERA and the amount of the premium subsidy. The law governing a benefit recipient's eligibility for the subsidy and the amount of the subsidy differs slightly depending under which benefit structure the benefits are calculated. All benefit recipients under the PERA benefit structure and all retirees under the DPS benefit structure are eligible for a premium subsidy, if enrolled in a health care plan under PERACare. Upon the death of a DPS benefit structure retiree, no further subsidy is paid.

Enrollment in the PERACare health benefits program is voluntary and is available to benefit recipients and their eligible dependents, certain surviving spouses, and divorced spouses and guardians, among others. Eligible benefit recipients may enroll into the program upon retirement, upon the occurrence of certain life events, or on an annual basis during an open enrollment period.

PERA Benefit Structure

The maximum service-based premium subsidy is \$230 per month for benefit recipients who are under 65 years of age and who are not entitled to Medicare; the maximum service-based subsidy is \$115 per month for benefit recipients who are 65 years of age or older or who are under 65 years of age and entitled to Medicare. The maximum service-based subsidy, in each case, is for benefit recipients with retirement benefits based on 20 or more years of service credit. There is a 5% reduction in the subsidy for each year less than 20. The benefit recipient pays the remaining portion of the premium to the extent the subsidy does not cover the entire amount.

For benefit recipients who have not participated in Social Security and who are not otherwise eligible for premium-free Medicare Part A for hospital-related services, C.R.S. § 24-51-1206(4) provides an additional subsidy. According to the statute, PERA cannot charge premiums to benefit recipients without Medicare Part A that are greater than premiums charged to benefit recipients with Part A for the same plan option, coverage level, and service credit. Currently, for each individual PERACare enrollee, the total premium for Medicare coverage is determined assuming plan participants have both Medicare Part A and Part B and the difference in premium cost is paid by the HCTF on behalf of benefit recipients not covered by Medicare Part A.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2024

NOTE 7: <u>DEFINED BENEFIT OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT (OPEB) PLAN</u> (Continued)

General Information about the OPEB Plan (Continued)

Contributions. Pursuant to Title 24, Article 51, Section 208(1) (f) of the C.R.S., as amended, certain contributions are apportioned to the HCTF. PERA-affiliated employers of the State, School, Local Government, and Judicial Divisions are required to contribute at a rate of 1.02% of PERA-includable salary into the HCTF.

Employer contributions are recognized by the HCTF in the period in which the compensation becomes payable to the member and the School is statutorily committed to pay the contributions. Employer contributions recognized by the HCTF from the School were \$23,556 for the year ended Jun 30, 2024.

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

At June 30, 2024, the School reported a liability of \$140,962 for its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability. The net OPEB liability for the HCTF was measured as of December 31, 2023, and the total OPEB liability (TOL) used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2022. Standard update procedures were used to roll-forward the TOL to December 31, 2023. School's proportion of the net OPEB liability was based on the School's contributions to the HCTF for the calendar year 2023 relative to the total contributions of participating employers to the HCTF.

At December 31, 2023, the School's proportion was 0.01975%, which was a decrease of 0.000064% from its proportion measured as of December 31, 2022.

For the year ended June 30, 2024, the School recognized OPEB expense of (\$5,211). At June 30, 2024, the School reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2024

NOTE 7: <u>DEFINED BENEFIT OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT (OPEB) PLAN</u> (Continued)

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB (Continued)

	Defe	Deferred Outflows		Deferred Inflows	
	of	of Resources		of Resources	
Difference between expected and actual					
experience	\$	-	\$	28,892	
Changes in assumptions and other inputs	\$	1,658	\$	14,947	
Net difference between projected and actual					
earnings on OPEB plan investments	\$	4,360	\$	-	
Changes in proportion between					
contributions recognized and proportionate					
share of contributions	\$	32,670	\$	2,764	
Contributions subsequent to the measurement					
date	\$	11,944	\$	-	
Total	\$	50,632	\$	46,603	

\$11,944 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB, resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date, will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2025. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	
2025	\$ (8,033)
2026	\$ 1,889
2027	\$ 3,518
2028	\$ (3,449)
2029	\$ (1,372)
Thereafter	\$ (468)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2024

NOTE 7: DEFINED BENEFIT OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT (OPEB) PLAN (Continued)

Actuarial assumptions.

The TOL in the December 31, 2022 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial cost method, actuarial assumptions and other inputs:

	School Division
Actuarial cost method Price inflation Real wage growth Wage inflation Salary increases, including wage inflation	Entry age 2.30% 0.70% 3.00%
Members other than Safety Officers	3.40%-11.00%
Safety Officers Long-term investment rate of return, net of OPEB plan investment expenses, including price inflation Discount rate Health care cost trend rates PERA benefit structure:	N/A 7.25% 7.25%
Service-based premium subsidy Medicare Part A premiums	0.00% 7.00% in 2023, gradually decreasing to 4.50% in 2033 3.50% in 2023, gradually increasing
	to 4.50% in 2035

¹UnitedHealthcare MAPD PPO plans are 0% for 2023.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2024

NOTE 7: <u>DEFINED BENEFIT OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT (OPEB) PLAN</u> (Continued)

Actuarial assumptions. (Continued)

Each year the per capita health care costs are developed by plan option; currently based on 2023 premium rates for the UnitedHealthcare Medicare Advantage Prescription Drug (MAPD) PPO plan #1, the UnitedHealthcare MAPD PPO plan #2, and the Kaiser Permanente MAPD HMO plan. Actuarial morbidity factors are then applied to estimate individual retiree and spouse costs by age, gender, and health care cost trend. This approach applies for all members and is adjusted accordingly for those not eligible for premium-free Medicare Part A for the PERA benefit structure.

Age-Related Morbidity Assumptions			
Participant Age	Annual Increase (Male)	Annual Increase (Female)	
65-68	2.2%	2.3%	
69	2.8%	2.2%	
70	2.7%	1.6%	
71	3.1%	0.5%	
72	2.3%	0.7%	
73	1.2%	0.8%	
74	0.9%	1.5%	
75-85	0.9%	1.3%	
86 and older	0.0%	0.0%	

Sample Age	MAPD PPO #1 with Medicare Part A Retiree/Spouse		Medica	PO #2 with are Part A Medicare Part A e/Spouse Retiree/Spouse		ith re Part A
	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female
65	\$1,692	\$1,406	\$579	\$481	\$1,913	\$1,589
70	\$1,901	\$1,573	\$650	\$538	\$2,149	\$1,778
75	\$2,100	\$1,653	\$718	\$566	\$2,374	\$1,869

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2024

NOTE 7: DEFINED BENEFIT OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT (OPEB) PLAN (Continued)

Sample Age	Medica) #1 without re Part A /Spouse	Medica	D #2 without re Part A /Spouse	without Me	IO (Kaiser) dicare Part A /Spouse
	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male Female	
65	\$6,469	\$5,373	\$4,198	\$3,487	\$6,719	\$5,581
70	\$7,266	\$6,011	\$4,715	\$4,715 \$3,900 \$7,546		\$6,243
75	\$8,026	\$6,319	\$5,208	\$4,101	\$8,336	\$6,563

Actuarial assumptions. (Continued)

The 2023 Medicare Part A premium is \$506 per month.

All costs are subject to the health care cost trend rates, as discussed below.

Health care cost trend rates reflect the change in per capita health costs over time due to factors such as medical inflation, utilization, plan design, and technology improvements. For the PERA benefit structure, health care cost trend rates are needed to project the future costs associated with providing benefits to those PERACare enrollees not eligible for premium-free Medicare Part A.

Health care cost trend rates for the PERA benefit structure are based on published annual health care inflation surveys in conjunction with actual plan experience (if credible), building block models and industry methods developed by health plan actuaries and administrators. In addition, projected trends for the Federal Hospital Insurance Trust Fund (Medicare Part A premiums) provided by the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services are referenced in the development of these rates. Effective December 31, 2022, the health care cost trend rates for Medicare Part A premiums were revised to reflect the current expectation of future increases in rates of inflation applicable to Medicare Part A premiums.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2024

NOTE 7: <u>DEFINED BENEFIT OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT (OPEB) PLAN</u> (Continued)

Actuarial assumptions. (Continued)

The PERA benefit structure health care cost trend rates used to measure the TOL are summarized in the table below:

	PERACare Medicare	Medicare Part A
Year	Plans	Premiums
2023	7.00%	3.50%
2024	6.75%	3.50%
2025	6.50%	3.75%
2026	6.25%	3.75%
2027	6.00%	4.00%
2028	5.75%	4.00%
2029	5.50%	4.00%
2030	5.25%	4.25%
2031	5.00%	4.25%
2032	4.75%	4.25%
2033	4.50%	4.25%
2034	4.50%	4.25%
2035+	4.50%	4.50%

Mortality assumptions used in the December 31, 2022, valuation for the determination of the total pension liability for each of the Division Trust Funds as shown below, reflect generational mortality and were applied, as applicable, in the determination of the TOL for the HCTF, but developed on a headcount-weighted basis. Affiliated employers of the State, School, Local Government and Judicial Divisions participate in the HCTF.

Pre-retirement mortality assumptions for the State and Local Government Divisions (members other than Safety Officers) were based upon the PubG-2010 Employee Table with generational projection using scale MP-2019.

Pre-retirement mortality assumptions for Safety Officers were based upon the PubS-2010 Employee Table with generational projection using scale MP-2019.

Pre-retirement mortality assumptions for the School Division were based upon the PubT-2010 Employee Table with generational projection using scale MP-2019.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2024

NOTE 7: <u>DEFINED BENEFIT OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT (OPEB) PLAN</u> (Continued)

Actuarial assumptions. (Continued)

Pre-retirement mortality assumptions for the Judicial Division were based upon the PubG-2010(A) Above-Median Employee Table with generational projection using scale MP-2019.

Post-retirement non-disabled mortality assumptions for the State and Local Government Divisions (members other than Safety Officers) were based upon the PubG-2010 Healthy Retiree Table, adjusted as follows:

- **Males:** 94% of the rates prior to age 80 and 90% of the rates for ages 80 and older, with generational projection using scale MP-2019.
- **Females:** 87% of the rates prior to age 80 and 107% of the rates for ages 80 and older, with generational projection using scale MP-2019.

Post-retirement non-disabled mortality assumptions for Safety Officers were based upon the unadjusted PubS-2010 Healthy Retiree Table, with generational projection using scale MP-2019.

Post-retirement non-disabled mortality assumptions for the School Division were based upon the PubT-2010 Healthy Retiree Table, adjusted as follows:

- **Males:** 112% of the rates prior to age 80 and 94% of the rates for ages 80 and older, with generational projection using scale MP-2019.
- **Females:** 83% of the rates prior to age 80 and 106% of the rates for ages 80 and older, with generational projection using scale MP-2019.

Post-retirement non-disabled mortality assumptions for the Judicial Division were based upon the unadjusted PubG-2010(A) Above-Median Healthy Retiree Table with generational projection using scale MP-2019.

Post-retirement non-disabled beneficiary mortality assumptions were based upon the Pub-2010 Contingent Survivor Table, adjusted as follows:

- Males: 97% of the rates for all ages, with generational projection using scale MP-2019.
- **Females:** 105% of the rates for all ages, with generational projection using scale MP-2019.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2024

NOTE 7: <u>DEFINED BENEFIT OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT (OPEB) PLAN</u> (Continued)

Actuarial assumptions. (Continued)

Disabled mortality assumptions for members other than Safety Officers were based upon the PubNS-2010 Disabled Retiree Table using 99% of the rates for all ages with generational projection using scale MP-2019.

Disabled mortality assumptions for Safety Officers were based upon the unadjusted PubS-2010 Disabled Retiree Table with generational projection using scale MP-2019.

The following health care costs assumptions were updated and used in the roll-forward calculation for the HCTF:

- Per capita health care costs in effect as of the December 31, 2022, valuation date for those PERACare enrollees under the PERA benefit structure who are expected to be age 65 and older and are not eligible for premium-free Medicare Part A benefits have been updated to reflect costs for the 2023 plan year.
- The morbidity rates used to estimate individual retiree and spouse costs by age and by gender were updated effective for the December 31, 2022, actuarial valuation. The revised morbidity rate factors are based on a review of historical claims experience by age, gender, and status (active versus retired) from actuary's claims data warehouse.
- The health care cost trend rates applicable to health care premiums were revised to reflect the then current expectation of future increases in those premiums.

Actuarial assumptions pertaining to per capita health care costs and their related trend rates are analyzed and updated annually by PERA Board's actuary, as discussed above.

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2022, valuations were based on the 2020 experience analysis, dated October 28, 2020, and November 4, 2020, for the period January 1, 2016, through December 31, 2019. Revised economic and demographic assumptions were adopted by PERA's Board on November 20, 2020.

The long-term expected return on plan assets is reviewed as part of regularly scheduled experience studies performed at least every five years, and asset/liability studies, performed every three to five years for PERA. The most recent analyses were outlined in the Experience Study report dated October 28, 2020.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2024

NOTE 7: <u>DEFINED BENEFIT OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT (OPEB) PLAN</u> (Continued)

Actuarial assumptions. (Continued)

Several factors are considered in evaluating the long-term rate of return assumption, including long-term historical data, estimates inherent in current market data, and a lognormal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected return, net of investment expense and inflation) were developed for each major asset class. These ranges were combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentages and then adding expected inflation.

The PERA Board first adopted the 7.25% long-term expected rate of return as of November 18, 2016. Following an asset/liability study, the Board reaffirmed the assumed rate of return at the Board's November 15, 2019, meeting, to be effective January 1, 2020. As of the most recent reaffirmation of the long-term rate of return, the target asset allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the table as follows:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	30 Year Expected Geometric Real Rate of Return
Global Equity	54.00%	5.60%
Fixed Income	23.00%	1.30%
Private Equity	8.50%	7.10%
Real Estate	8.50%	4.40%
Alternatives	6.00%	4.70%
Total	100.00%	

Note: In setting the long-term expected rate of return, projections employed to model future returns provide a range of expected long-term returns that, including expected inflation, ultimately support a long-term expected nominal rate of return assumption of 7.25%.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2024

NOTE 7: <u>DEFINED BENEFIT OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT (OPEB) PLAN</u> (Continued)

Actuarial assumptions. (Continued)

Sensitivity of the School's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability to changes in the Health Care Cost Trend Rates. The following presents the net OPEB liability using the current health care cost trend rates applicable to the PERA benefit structure, as well as if it were calculated using health care cost trend rates that are one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current rates:

	1% Decrease in	Current Trend	1% Increase in
	Trend Rates	Rates	Trend Rates
Initial PERACare Medicare trend rate ¹	5.75%	6.75%	7.75%
Ultimate PERACare Medicare trend rate	3.50%	4.50%	5.50%
Initial Medicare Part A trend rate	2.50%	3.50%	4.50%
Ultimate Medicare Part A trend rate	3.50%	4.50%	5.50%
Net OPEB Liability	\$136,916	\$140,962	\$145,363

¹For the January 1, 2024, plan year.

Discount rate

The discount rate used to measure the TOL was 7.25%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate applied the actuarial cost method and assumptions shown above. In addition, the following methods and assumptions were used in the projection of cash flows:

- Updated health care cost trend rates for Medicare Part A premiums as of the December 31, 2023, measurement date.
- Total covered payroll for the initial projection year consists of the covered payroll of the active membership present on the valuation date and the covered payroll of future plan members assumed to be hired during the year. In subsequent projection years, total covered payroll was assumed to increase annually at a rate of 3.00%.
- Employer contributions were assumed to be made at rates equal to the fixed statutory rates specified in law and effective as of the measurement date.
- Employer contributions and the amount of total service costs for future plan members were based upon a process to estimate future actuarially determined contributions assuming an analogous future plan member growth rate.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2024

NOTE 7: <u>DEFINED BENEFIT OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT (OPEB) PLAN</u> (Continued)

Discount rate (Continued)

- Estimated transfers of dollars into the HCTF representing a portion of purchase service agreements intended to cover the costs associated with OPEB benefits.
- Benefit payments and contributions were assumed to be made at the middle of the year.
- Beginning with the December 31, 2023, measurement date and thereafter, the FNP as of the current measurement date is used as a starting point for the GASB 74 projection test.
- As of the December 31, 2023, measurement date, the FNP and related disclosure components for the HCTF reflect payments related to the disaffiliation of Tri-County Health Department as a PERA-affiliated employer, effective December 31, 2022. As of the December 31, 2023, year-end, PERA recognized two additions for accounting and financial reporting purposes: a \$24 million payment received on December 4, 2023, and a \$2 million receivable. The employer disaffiliation payment and receivable allocations to the HCTF and Local Government Division Trust Fund were \$1.033 million and \$24.967 million, respectively.

Based on the above assumptions and methods, the FNP for the HCTF was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return of 7.25% on OPEB plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the TOL. The discount rate determination does not use the municipal bond index rate, and therefore, the discount rate is 7.25%. There was no change in the discount rate from the prior measurement date.

Sensitivity of the School's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the proportionate share of the net OPEB liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.25%, as well as what the proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.25%) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.25%) than the current rate:

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2024

NOTE 7: <u>DEFINED BENEFIT OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT (OPEB) PLAN</u> (Continued)

Discount rate (Continued)

	1% Decrease (6.25%)	Current Discount Rate (7.25%)	1% Increase (8.25%)
Proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$166,494	\$140,962	\$119,120

OPEB plan fiduciary net position. Detailed information about the HCTF's FNP is available in PERA's ACFR which can be obtained at <u>www.copera.org/investments/pera-financial-reports</u>.

NOTE 8: COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

Claims and Judgments

The School participates in a number of federal and state programs that are fully or partially funded by grants received from other governmental units. Expenditures financed by grants are subject to audit by the appropriate grantor government. If expenditures are disallowed due to noncompliance with grant program regulations, the School may be required to reimburse the grantor government. As of June 30, 2024, significant amounts of grant expenditures have not been audited but the School believes that disallowed expenditures, if any, based on subsequent audits will not have a material effect on the overall financial position of the School.

Tabor Amendment

In November 1992, Colorado voters passed an amendment to the State Constitution, Article X, Section 20 (the "Tabor Amendment"), which has several limitations, including revenue raising, spending abilities, and other specific requirements of state and local government. The Tabor Amendment is complex and subject to judicial interpretations. The School believes it has complied with the Amendment.

The School has established a reserve, representing 3% of qualifying expenditures, as required by the Amendment. At June 30, 2024, the emergency reserve of \$165,000 was reported as a restriction of net position and fund balance in the Governmental Activities and General Fund, respectively.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2024

NOTE 9: RESTATEMENT OF BEGINNING BALANCES

Prior to 2024, the School's financial statements reported the Student Activity Fund as an Agency Fund. During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024, the School has determined that the Student Activity Fund must be reported as a Special Revenue Fund as required by Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 84 – *Fiduciary Activities*.

As a result, the School's the beginning fund balances in the Student Activity Fund were corrected, as presented below:

Student Activity Fund, originally presented	
at June 30, 2023	\$345,517
Adjustment to remove unearned revenue from	
fund balance at June 30, 2023	(\$71,926)
Adjustment to removed accounts payable from	
fund balance at June 30, 2023	(\$40,108)
Student Activity Fund, as corrected at June 30, 2023	<u>\$233,483</u>

As a result of reporting the Student Activity Fund as a governmental fund, the governmental fund financial statements and the government-wide financial statements have also been restated as of June 30, 2023. A reconciliation of the prior period ending fund balances and ending net position to the current year beginning fund balances and net position is as follows:

Beginning fund balances, governmental funds:	\$6,175,217
Adjustment to include the Student Activity Fund	\$233,483
Beginning fund balances, governmental funds, as restated:	\$ <u>6,408,700</u>
Beginning net position	\$1,420,381
Adjustment to include the Student Activity	\$233,483
Fund Beginning net position, as restated	\$1,653,864

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE GENERAL FUND Year Ended June 30, 2024

ORIGINAL FINAL	Positive (Negative)
	(Negative)
BUDGET BUDGET ACTUAL	
REVENUES	
Local Sources	
•	\$ (3)
Mill Levy Override 359,721 389,781 363,952	(25,829)
Charges for Services 268,000 268,000 261,583	(6,417)
Contributions -	-
Interest - 126,696	126,696
Other 10,000 - 2,327	2,327
State Sources	
Capital Construction 99,600 99,600 180,273	80,673
PERA On Behalf Contribution - 9,753	9,753
Grants and Donations 10,000 7,023	(2,977)
Federal Sources	
Grants and Donations 55,000 55,000 93,942	38,942
TOTAL REVENUES	223,165
EXPENDITURES	
Current	
Salaries 2,650,000 2,650,000 2,378,624	271,376
Employee Benefits 932,000 932,000 911,866	20,134
Purchased Services 1,534,668 1,589,668 1,644,576	(54,908)
Supplies and Materials 110,000 110,000 245,099	(135,099)
Property 144,600 189,600 139,530	50,070
Other 5,000 -	5,000
TOTAL EXPENDITURES 5,376,268 5,476,268 5,319,695	156,573
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER	
(UNDER) EXPENDITURES (18,700) (68,570) 311,168	379,738
	0,0,,00
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	
Transfers In - 35,004 35,004	-
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE (18,700) (33,566) 346,172	379,738
FUND BALANCE, Beginning 4,733,700 4,944,547 4,888,022	(56,525)
FUND BALANCE, Ending \$ 4,715,000 \$ 4,910,981 \$5,234,194	\$ 323,213

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE STUDENT ACTIVITIES FUND Year Ended June 30, 2024

	-	RIGINAL UDGET	E	FINAL BUDGET	A	ACTUAL	P	ARIANCE Positive egative)
REVENUES								
Local Sources								
Contributions	\$	20,000	\$	20,000	\$	41,064	\$	21,064
Charges for Services		82,000		82,000		119,423		37,423
Interest		-		-		-		-
Other		120		120		2,486		2,366
TOTAL REVENUES		102,120		102,120		162,973		60,853
EXPENDITURES Current								
Supplies and Materials		96,000		96,000		158,049		(62,049)
Purchased Services		-		-		52,567		(52 <i>,</i> 567)
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		96,000		96,000		210,616		(114,616)
						((=======)
CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		6,120		6,120		(47,643)		(53,763)
FUND BALANCE, Beginning, previously reported		368,212		251,741		345,517		93,776
Restatement, see Note 9		-		-		(112,034)		(112,034)
Fund BALANCES, Beginning, as restated		368,212		251,741		233,483		(18,258)
FUND BALANCE, Ending	\$	374,332	\$	257,861	\$	185,840	\$	(72,021)

SCHEDULE OF THE SCHOOL'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY PERA SCHOOL DIVISION TRUST FUND PLAN

Years Ended December 31,

2015 2014	0.01970% 0.01840%	\$3,013,670 \$2,492,184	·	3,013,670 2,492,184	\$ 858,719 \$ 770,322	350.9% 323.5%	59.20% 62.80%
2016	0.02240%	\$6,668,309	,	6,668,309	\$1,005,197	663.4%	43.10%
2017	0.02430%	\$7,849,434	,	7,849,434	\$1,119,743	701.0%	43.96%
2018	0.02300%	\$4,066,847	556,085	4,622,932	\$1,278,397	361.6%	57.01%
2019	0.02176%	\$3,251,276	412,383	3,663,659	\$1,395,395	262.6%	64.52%
2020	0.28410%	\$4,295,674	'	4,295,674	\$1,518,648	282.9%	66.99%
2021	0.02840%	\$3,304,477	378,816	3,683,293	\$1,619,337	227.5%	74.86%
2022	0.26100%	\$4,748,120	1,383,650	6,131,770	\$1,774,621	345.5%	61.79%
2023	0.03301%	\$5,837,909	128,008	5,965,917	\$2,182,488	y 273.4%	64.74%
	Proportion of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)	Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)	State of Colorado Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)	Total Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)	Covered payroll	Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll	Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage Of the Total Pension Liability

SCHEDULE OF THE SCHOOL'S CONTRIBUTIONS PERA SCHOOL DIVISION TRUST FUND PLAN

Years Ended June 30,

2015	\$ 161,033	161,033	ı	\$ 953,990	16.88%
			Ŷ		-
2016	\$ 186,536	186,536		\$1,052,094	17.73%
			Ŷ		%
2017	\$ 193,375	193,375	1	\$1,052,094	18.38%
		-	<u>ا</u> بې		%
2018	\$ 227,807	227,807		\$1,206,606	18.88%
2	\$ 2	2	Ŷ	\$1,2	
6	,928	236,928		,513	19.13%
2019	\$ 236,928	236		\$1,238,513	19
		و			%
2020	\$ 270,446	270,446		\$1,395,490	19.38%
	\$		ŝ	\$1,3	
+	,924	321,924		,337	19.88%
2021	321,924	321		\$1,619,337	19
	80	80	~~		%
2022	384,058	384,058		\$1,937,874	19.82%
	\$		ŝ	\$1,9	
ŝ	,296	423,296		,013	20.38%
2023	\$ 423,296	423	10	\$2,077	20
	51	11		\$2,309,422 \$2,077,013	3%
2024	\$ 470,661	470,661		309,42	20.38%
	Ş	7	Ŷ	\$2,3	
	Contributions	ו to the Contributions	(Excess)		intage of
	Contractually Required Contributions	Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contributions	Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	Covered payroll	Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll

SCHEDULE OF THE SCHOOL'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY PERA HEALTH CARE TRUST FUND PLAN

Years Ended December 31,

	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016
Proportion of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset)	0.01975%	0.01981%	0.01854%	0.01642%	0.01421%	0.01492%	0.01379%	0.01273%
Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset)	\$ 140,962	\$ 161,780		\$ 156,047	\$ 159,872 \$ 156,047 \$ 159,807	\$ 203,115	\$ 179,242	\$ 165,055
Covered payroll	\$ 2,182,488	\$1,774,621	\$ 1,619,337	\$ 1,518,648	\$ 1,395,395	\$1,278,397	\$1,119,743	\$1,005,197
Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll	6.5%	9.1%	9.9%	10.3%	11.5%	15.9%	16.0%	16.4%
Plan Fiduciary Net position as a Percentage of the Total OPEB Liability	46.16%	38.57%	39.40%	32.78%	24.49%	17.03%	17.53%	16.72%

NOTE: Information for the prior two years was not available for this report.

SCHEDULE OF THE SCHOOL'S CONTRIBUTIONS PERA HEALTH CARE TRUST FUND PLAN

Years Ended June 30,

2017	10,731	10,731	ı	\$1,052,094	1.02%
2	ւ		Ŷ	\$1,0	
2018	\$ 12,307	12,307	,	\$1,206,606	1.02%
	ŝ		Ŷ		
2019	12,633	12,633	ı	\$1,238,513	1.02%
	Ŷ		Ŷ	Ş	20
2020	14,234	14,234	ı	\$1,395,490	1.02%
	Ś		Ŷ		
2021	16,518	16,518	ı	\$1,619,337	1.02%
	ւ		Ŷ		
2022	\$ 19,704 \$ 16,518 \$ 14,234 \$ 12,633	19,704	ı	\$ 1,937,874	1.02%
	Ŷ	- 1	ۍ ا	ŝ	\ 0
2023	21,185	21,185	ı	\$ 2,077,013	1.02%
	ŝ	5	ارد ا		%
2024	\$ 23,556	23,556	ۍ ۲	\$ 2,309,422	1.02%
	Contractually Required Contributions	Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contributions	Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	Covered payroll	Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll

NOTE: Information for the prior two years was not available for this report.

NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION June 30, 2024

NOTE 1: BUDGETS AND BUDGETARY ACCOUNTING

A budget is adopted for all funds on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles.

Management submits to the Board of Directors a proposed budget for the fiscal year commencing July 1. The budget is adopted by the Board of Directors prior to June 30. Expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations at the fund level. Revisions to the budget must be approved by the Board of Directors. The budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them. All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year-end.

State Compliance

At June 30, 2024, actual expenditures in the Building Corporation and Student Activities Fund exceeded budgeted expenditures by \$17,282 and \$114,616, respectively. This may be a violation of state statutes.

NOTE 2: <u>SIGNIFICANT CHANGES IN PLAN PROVISIONS AFFECTING TRENDS IN ACTUARIAL</u> INFORMATION – PERA SCHOOL DIVISION TRUST FUND PLAN

2023 Changes in Plan Provisions Since 2022:

- Senate Bill (SB) 23-056, enacted and effective June 2, 2023, intended to recompense PERA for the remaining portion of the \$225 million direct distribution originally scheduled for receipt July 1, 2020, suspended due to the enactment of House Bill (HB) 20-1379, but not fully repaid through the provisions within HB 22-1029. Pursuant to SB 23-056, the State Treasurer issued a warrant consisting of the balance of the PERA Payment Cash Fund, created in §24-51-416, plus \$10 million from the General Fund, totaling \$14.561 million.
- As of the December 31, 2023, measurement date, the total pension liability (TPL) recognizes the change in the default method applied for granting service accruals for certain members, from a "12-pay" method to a "non-12-pay" method. The default service accrual method for positions with an employment pattern of at least eight months but fewer than 12 months (including, but not limited to positions in the School and DPS Divisions) receive a higher ratio of service credit for each month worked, up to a maximum of 12 months of service credit per year.

NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION June 30, 2024

NOTE 3: <u>SIGNIFICANT CHANGES IN PLAN ASSUMPTIONS OR OTHER INPUTS AFFECTING</u> <u>TRENDS IN ACTUARIAL INFORMATION – PERA SCHOOL DIVISION TRUST FUND PLAN</u>

There were no changes made to the actuarial methods or assumptions in 2023.

NOTE 4: <u>SIGNIFICANT CHANGES IN PLAN PROVISIONS AFFECTING TRENDS IN ACTUARIAL</u> INFORMATION – PERA HEALTH CARE TRUST FUND PLAN

2023 Changes in Plan Provisions Since 2022:

As of the December 31, 2023, measurement date, the fiduciary net position (FNP) and related disclosure components for the Health Care Trust Fund (HCTF) reflect payments related to the disaffiliation of Tri-County Health Department (Tri-County Health) as a PERA-affiliated employer, effective December 31, 2022. As of the December 31, 2023, year-end, PERA recognized two additions for accounting and financial reporting purposes: a \$24 million payment received on December 4, 2023, and a \$2 million receivable. The employer disaffiliation payment and receivable allocations to the HCTF and Local Government Division Trust Fund were \$1.033 million and \$24.967 million, respectively.

NOTE 5:SIGNIFICANT CHANGES IN PLAN ASSUMPTIONS OR OTHER INPUTS AFFECTING
TRENDS IN ACTUARIAL INFORMATION – PERA HEALTH CARE TRUST FUND PLAN

There were no changes made to the actuarial methods or assumptions in 2023.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE BUILDING CORPORATION Year Ended June 30, 2024

	ORIGINAL BUDGET	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL	VARIANCE Positive (Negative)
REVENUES				
Local Sources				
Rent Income	\$ 715,060	\$ 715,060	\$ 702,938	\$ (12,122)
Investment Income		35,004	53,268	18,264
TOTAL REVENUES	715,060	750,064	756,206	6,142
EXPENDITURES Debt Service				
Principal	325,000	325,000	325,000	-
Interest	390,060	390,060	372,338	17,722
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	715,060	715,060	697,338	17,722
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		35,004	58,868	23,864
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers Out			(35,004)	(35,004)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	-	35,004	23,864	(11,140)
FUND BALANCE, Beginning	1,252,666	1,287,194	1,287,195	1
FUND BALANCE, Ending	\$ 1,252,666	\$ 1,322,198	\$1,311,059	\$ (11,139)